

more intense protected and chemically bound to soil components such as oxyhydrates rich in them¹. As a global trend, the coupling mechanism of C sequestration and crop productivity as well as the ecological services are being challenged¹. It is evidenced in some of studies that biodiversity may have controls on C cycling and GHGs production coping with the crop productivity¹. However, quantitative characterization of C turnover and C sequestration processes is still in debt of paddy soils¹. The interactive effects of crop2soil2microbe on C sequestration and GHGs production from paddy soils deserve further holistic studies with new hypothesis¹. The role of C sequestration in China's climate change mitigation should be further evaluated for a better climate policy of agriculture¹.

Key words C cycling Soil organic carbon Paddy soils Climate change Biodiversity and productivity